1. A TRY..CATCH block combination catches all the errors that have a severity between 11 and 19.
2. The CATCH block is executed only if there is an error occurs in T-SQL statements within TRY block otherwise the CATCH block is ignored.
3. Each TRY block is associated with only one CATCH block and vice versa
4. TRY and CATCH blocks can’t be separated with the GO statement. We need to put both TRY and CATCH blocks within the same batch.
5. TRY..CATCH blocks can be used with transactions. We check the number of open transactions by using @@TRANCOUNT function in Sql Server.
6. XACT\_STATE function within the TRY..CATCH block can be used to check whether an open transaction is committed or not. It will return -1 if the transaction is not committed else returns 1.